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### Penalties for Tampering with or Circumventing Ignition Interlock Devices

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State/Jurisdiction	Statutory Citation	Penalties
Alabama	Ala. Code § 32-5A-191.4.	Punishable by imprisonment for not more than six months or a fine of not more than \$500, or both.
Alaska	Alaska Stat. § 11.76.140.	Class A misdemeanor. Punishable by imprisonment for not more than one year or \$5,000 or both.
Arizona	Ariz. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 28-1464.	Class 1 misdemeanor: No more than 6 months in jail and a fine of no more than \$2,500.  Additionally, the department shall extend the duration of the certified ignition interlock device requirement for not more than one year.
Arkansas	Ark. Stat. Ann. § 5-65-118.	Class A misdemeanor: No more than one year in jail and a fine of no more than \$2,500.  Additionally the office shall revoke the ignition interlock restricted license and reinstate a license suspension for the term of the original license suspension.
California	Cal. Vehicle Code § 23247.	Imprisonment in the county jail for not more than six months or by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or by both that fine and imprisonment.  The court shall notify the Department of Motor Vehicles, which shall immediately terminate the restriction and shall suspend or revoke the person's driving privilege for the remaining period of the originating suspension or revocation and until all reinstatement requirements are met.

Colorado	Colo Rev. Stat. § 42-2-132.5.	<p>Class 1 traffic misdemeanor: No more than one year in jail and a fine of no more than \$1,000.</p> <p>The department shall revoke any interlock-restricted license issued to the convicted person and the department shall not reinstate the interlock-restricted license for a period of one year or the remaining period of license restraint imposed prior to the issuance of an interlock-restricted license pursuant to this section, whichever is longer.</p>
Connecticut	Conn. Gen. Stat. § 14-227k.	Class C misdemeanor: No more than three months in jail and a fine of no more than \$500.
Delaware	Del. Code Ann. Title 11 §1249.	Class A misdemeanor: No more than 3 months in jail and a fine of no more than \$2,300.
Florida	Fla. Stat. § 316.1937.	Noncriminal traffic infraction
Georgia	Ga. Code 42-8-118	Misdemeanor: No more than one year in jail and a fine of no more than \$1,000.
Hawaii	Hawaii Rev. Stat. § 291E-66.	<p>A term of imprisonment of not less than three consecutive days but not more than 30 days and a fine of not less than \$250 but not more than \$1,000.</p> <p>Loss of the privilege to operate a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.</p> <p>No possibility of probation or suspended sentence.</p>
Idaho	Idaho Code § 18-8009	A person who knowingly assists another person who is restricted to the use of an ignition interlock device to start and operate that vehicle in violation of a court order shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.
Illinois	Ill. Ann. Stat. Chapter 625. 5/6-206.2.	Class A misdemeanor: No more than 364 days in jail and a fine of no more than \$2,500.
Indiana	Ind. Code 9-30-5-8	Class B misdemeanor: No more than 180 days in jail and a fine of no more than \$1,000.

Iowa	Iowa Code 321J.4.	Serious misdemeanor: No more than 1 year in jail and a fine ranging from \$315 to no more than \$1,000.
Kansas	Kan. Stat. Ann. 8-1017	Class A, nonperson misdemeanor: Imprisonment from 90 days to no more than 1 year in jail and a fine ranging from \$1,000 to no more than \$1,500.  The division shall extend the ignition interlock restriction period on the person's driving privileges for an additional 90 days.
Kentucky	Ky. Rev. Ann.189A.345	Class B misdemeanor: No more than 90 days in jail and a fine of no more than \$250.
Louisiana	La. Criminal Law Ann. § 334.	Any person convicted of a violation of this section may be punished by imprisonment for not more than six months or a fine of not more than \$500, or both.
Maine	Me. Rev. Stat. Ann. 29A§ 2508	Class E crime, which is a strict liability crime. The sentence must include a period of incarceration of not less than seven days and a fine of not less than \$500. These penalties may not be suspended.
Maryland	Md. Code § 11.11.13.05	The administration may remove a participant from the Ignition Interlock Program and reinstate the original suspension or revocation if the Administration finds a violation of the program (removing, tampering, or renders the ignition interlock system inoperable included in violations)
Massachusetts	Mass. Ann. Laws ch. 90 § 24T.	Imprisonment in the house of correction for not less than six months nor more than 2 1/2 years or by imprisonment in the state prison for not less than three years nor more than five years.
	2013 MA HB 1278- Pending	Allows the registrar to extend--for up to two years--the period of the interlock restriction on the license for a person who removes, tampers with or circumvents the proper operation of such device, or who fails on two or more occasions to have the device properly inspected.
Michigan	Mich. Comp. Laws 257.625I	A misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment for not more than six months or a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both.
Minnesota	MN ST § 171.306	Misdemeanor: No more than 90 days in jail and a fine of no more than \$700.
Mississippi	Miss. Code Ann. § 63-11-31	Misdemeanor: Punishable by a fine not less than \$250 nor more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than

		one year or both.
Missouri	V.A.M.S. 577.612	Class A misdemeanor: No more than 1 year in jail and a fine of no more than \$1,000.
	2013 MO HB 852- Pending	In addition to criminal charges, this bill mandates that a person who tampers with an ignition interlock device shall complete an additional 75 days or six months (depending on the nature of the suspension) of the restricted license program without incident.
Montana	MT ST 61-8-440	A person convicted of a violation of this section shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$500 or by imprisonment for not more than six months or both.
Nebraska	Neb. Rev. St. § 60-6,211.11	Class IV felony: No more than five years imprisonment and a fine of no more than \$10,000.  In addition to any possible criminal charges, have his or her revocation period and ignition interlock permit extended for six months beyond the end of the original revocation period.
Nevada	N.R.S. 483.490	No penalties found in statute.
New Hampshire	2013 NH Laws, Chap. 219	Alcohol ignition interlock circumvention is punishable by a class A misdemeanor, carrying a fine of not less than \$500 and mandates that the person in violation install an enhanced technology interlock device and extends the period of time requiring the device by two years.
New Jersey	N.J.S.A. 39:4-50.19	License suspension for one year.
New Mexico	N. M. S. A. 1978, § 66-5-504	May be subject to the penalties for driving with a license that was revoked for driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs.
New York	N.Y. Vehicle and Traffic Law § 1198	Class A misdemeanor: No more than one year imprisonment.
North Carolina	N.C.G.S.A. § 20-17.8A	Class 1 misdemeanor: No more than 45 days imprisonment.  Each act of tampering, circumvention, or attempted circumvention under this statute shall constitute a separate violation.  *See North Carolina structured sentencing.
North Dakota	NDCC, 39-06.1-11	No penalties found in statute.
Ohio	Ohio Revised Code. § 4510.13	The court may require the offender to wear a monitor that provides continuous alcohol monitoring that is remote. the court may increase the period of suspension of the

		offender's driver's or commercial driver's license or permit or nonresident operating privilege from that originally imposed by the court by a factor of two and may increase the period of time during which the offender will be prohibited from exercising any limited driving privileges granted to the offender unless the vehicles the offender operates are equipped with a certified ignition interlock device by a factor of two.
Oklahoma	Oklahoma Administrative Code 40:50-1-3.2.	Reportable violation.
Oregon	O.R.S. § 813.614	Class A traffic violation: pay a fine of not less than \$220 nor more than \$2,000.
Pennsylvania	75 Pa.C.S.A. § 3808	Misdemeanor: Pay a fine of not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,000 and to undergo imprisonment for not more than 90 days.
Rhode Island	RI ST § 31-49-4	Misdemeanor: No more than 1 year in jail and a fine of no more than \$1,000.
South Carolina	SC ST § 56-5-2941	Misdemeanor : Fine of not more than \$500 or imprisoned not more than 30 days, or both.
South Dakota	SDCL § 1-11-30	No penalties found in statute.
Tennessee	T. C. A. § 55-10-412	Class A misdemeanor: No more than 364 days in jail and a fine of no more than \$2,500.  If the violation is the person's first violation, such person shall be sentenced to a minimum of 48 hours of incarceration.
Texas	V.T.C.A., Transportation Code § 521.246	No penalties found in statute.
Utah	U.C.A. 1953 § 41-6a-518.1	Class B misdemeanor: No more than six months in jail and a fine of no more than \$1,000.
Vermont	VT ST T. 23 § 1213	Criminal offense  In addition to any other penalties a \$50 fee will be assessed. License suspension shall be extended by six months.
Virginia	VA Code Ann. § 18.2-270.1	Class 1 misdemeanor: No more than 1 year in jail and a fine of no more than \$2,500.
Washington	West's RCWA 46.20.750	Gross misdemeanor: No more than 364 days in jail and a fine of no more than \$5,000.
West Virginia	W. Va. Code, §	Misdemeanor: Shall be confined in jail not more than

	17C-5A-3a	six months and fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000.
Wisconsin	2009 Wis. Laws, Act # 100	A fine of not less than \$150 but not more than \$600, or imprisonment for up to six months, or both.
Wyoming	W.S.1977 § 31-7-404	Misdemeanor: imprisonment for not less than seven days nor more than six months, and shall not be eligible for probation or suspension of sentence or release on any other basis until serving at least seven days in jail. In addition, the person shall be fined not less than \$200 nor more than \$750.