

To Block Grant or Not To Block Grant?.... Potential Lessons from Rhode Island's 1115 Global Waiver

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Discussion

- Demographics: Rhode Island and Rhode Island Medicaid
- Why RI Pursued a Global Waiver
- 1115 Global Waiver
 - Goals
 - Results to Date
- Lessons Learned
- Future Steps



Rhode Island

- ❑ Population: 1,052,567
- ❑ 1,214 square miles (smallest in country)
- ❑ 2nd highest population density
- ❑ Persons 65 and over - 14.4% (US 13%)
- ❑ Persons below Poverty Level – 12% (US 14.3%)
- ❑ Uninsured rate – 13.1%
- ❑ Unemployed rate – 11.3%

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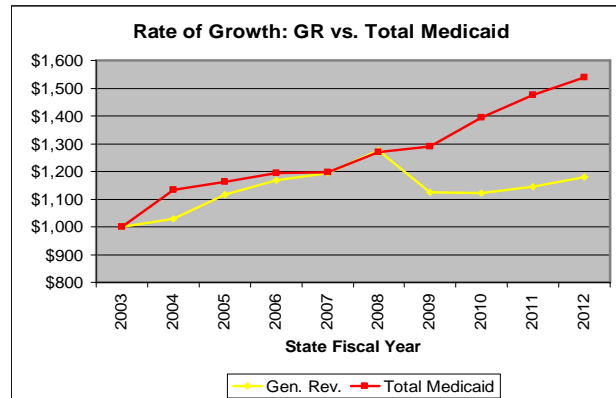
RI Medicaid

- ❑ Serves app. 216,000 Rhode Islanders – 21% of the population
- ❑ Expenditures - \$1.9 billion
- ❑ FFY 2012 FMAP: 52.33%
- ❑ Generous Safety – Net:
 - Children – 250% FPL
 - Parents – 175% FPL
 - Medically Needy Program
- ❑ 75% of Medicaid eligibles enrolled in a managed care arrangement

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State of the State – 2008-2009

- In 2008, the State faced a budget gap of about \$435 million in the coming year



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State of Medicaid

- At the same time, system reform was needed:
 - Too many people inappropriately residing in nursing homes
 - Insufficient capacity in the community for long-term care
 - Lack of coordinated care for adults with disabilities and frail elders
 - Payment methodologies were driven by provider costs

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RI 1115 Global Waiver

□ Three Program Goals:

- Re-balance the Long-term Care System
- Ensure primary and acute care is managed and coordinated with other services and supports
- Procure Medicaid-funded services through cost-effective strategies that support program goals

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RI 1115 Global Waiver

Program Goals: Results to Date

- Positive impact on the number of low-acuity persons entering or remaining in nursing homes
- Stemmed growth of nursing home costs and utilization and increased expenditures in and utilization of home and community-based services
- All Medicaid beneficiaries except those with third party coverage are enrolled in a form of managed care: either managed care organization or primary care case management
- More predictable payment methodologies based on patient diagnosis or need as opposed to provider costs

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RI 1115 Global Waiver

Program Goals: Results to Date

- Cost Savings (FY 2009 – 2010):
 - Program Management Provisions – No 1115 Waiver Required: **\$22,892,894**
 - Provisions requiring additional CMS Approval - Could have implemented under old waiver authority: **\$9,396,325**
 - Explicit Global Waiver Provisions: **\$22,944,288**

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RI 1115 Global Waiver

- Administrative Goals:
 - Incorporate 11 different waiver authorities and accompanying reporting and administrative requirements into one waiver.
 - Facilitate the current 1115 Waiver Amendment review process – level of CMS review is commensurate with scope of change.

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RI 1115 Global Waiver Administrative Goal

Facilitate the current 1115 Waiver Amendment review process – ensure level of CMS review is commensurate with scope of change

Category I Change	Change that is administrative in nature: -changes to prior authorization process; -additional HCBS benefits
Category II Change	Programmatic change not requiring review of budget neutrality agreement: -changes to payment methodologies -addition or elimination of optional benefits
Category III Change	Requires review of budget neutrality agreement: -Eligibility Changes

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RI 1115 Global Waiver Administrative Goal: Results to Date

Results are mixed:

- Majority of Category I changes are approved quickly
- No category III requests have been submitted
- Impact of the maintenance of effort requirements in ARRA and then in the ACA have negatively impacted the flexibility anticipated
 - example: increased premiums for families in managed care

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RI 1115 Global Waiver

□ Financing Goals:

- Determine if the use of Federal Medicaid matching funds for populations or services that are not generally eligible for federal match is cost-effective.

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RI 1115 Global Waiver Financing Goal

- Global Waiver is not a block grant; it is an 1115 Waiver that operates under a 5 year federal cap
- Different from other 1115 Waiver Budget Neutrality agreements:
 - Traditional Budget neutrality allows expenditures on both the State and Federal side to grow every year
 - Rhode Island can only draw down federal funds up to an aggregate budget cap of \$12.1 billion over the five year demonstration.
 - **Still dependent on initial State expenditure**
 - Unlikely that cap will be reached

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RI 1115 Global Waiver Financing Goal

- Federal cap does allow immediate access to CNOM
- “Costs Not Otherwise Matchable” - explicit authority from CMS to claim federal matching funds for populations or services that are not traditionally eligible for federal Medicaid match
- Authority based on notion that the 1115 Waiver allows States to demonstrate that there may be services or populations that CMS should consider including in the Medicaid State Plan

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RI 1115 Global Waiver Financing Goal

CNOM Expenditures			
	State	Federal	Total
FY 09	\$5,801,081	\$6,434,905	\$12,235,986
FY '10	\$15,414,550	\$16,834,903	\$32,249,453
FY '11	\$17,335,506	\$19,502,121	\$36,837,626

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RI 1115 Global Waiver: Lessons Learned

- Know what it is you are asking for
 - Not sufficient to just ask for flexibility – easy for CMS to grant flexibility to increase access; improve quality
 - Executive Branch must keep Legislature informed and involved

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RI 1115 Global Waiver: Lessons Learned

- Medicaid alone is not enough
 - States need to look at all publicly funded health care and ensure care is coordinated; regardless of the existence of a matching Federal Medicaid dollar

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RI 1115 Global Waiver: Lessons Learned

- Today's environment is not tomorrow's
 - ARRA and ACA were not anticipated – have required re-focused attention

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RI 1115 Global Waiver: Lessons Learned

- Ensure you are using existing flexibility
 - Generally, the regulatory flexibility exists, CMS imposes unnecessary administrative constraints
 - Global Waiver has not been as successful in addressing administrative barriers due to the historic structure and culture of CMS

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RI 1115 Global Waiver

- Have we achieved a less expensive, better, more sustainable publicly-funded health care system?
- Yes**
 - Inter-agency cooperation has improved
 - Major program reforms have been implemented
 - Savings have been realized

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RI 1115 Global Waiver

- If we could get a block grant today, would we want one?
- No**
 - RI not ready to give up on entitlement to health care
 - Federal involvement is both necessary and healthy

But, need to continue to improve administrative processes at Federal level

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Future Steps

- Pursuing a dual-eligible initiative:
 - CMS is showing creativity and openness in terms of financing – shared savings; three-party agreements
- Interested potential model of federal financial participation through a pay-for-performance model to States
 - Collaborate with other States
 - Federal funding would be based on State's outcome measures
- Need to decide whether to renew Waiver, in light of changes in 2014.

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