

Green Jobs-Green New York Program and On-bill Recovery Financing Briefing

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Green Jobs Green New York Act of 2009

(enacted Oct 2009)

The Act directs NYSERDA to:

- Establish a revolving loan fund and innovative financing mechanisms to provide loans to finance energy efficiency improvements for:
 - Residential 1-4 family dwelling (up to \$25,000*)
 - Multifamily buildings (program limit \$5,000/unit or \$500,000 per building)
 - Small business (<101 employees) and not-for-profit structures (up to \$50,000*)
- Solicit constituency-based organizations to connect community members to the program
- Establish standards for energy audits and energy retrofit contractors
- Establish a schedule of fees for residential energy audits
 - Waived for households with income less than two times county median income
 - Prorated fee if income between two and four times county median
 - Consumer pays full fee if over four times county median
- Provide employment and training services to support the program.

* Amended by Power NY Act of 2011 (A.8510/S.5844)

GJGNY Funding

From Regional Greenhouse Gas Initiative (RGGI)
auction allowance proceeds

Workforce Development	\$8,000,000
Outreach and Marketing	\$10,000,000
Energy Audits and Implementation Costs	\$12,596,000
- Residential (1-4 family)	\$4,400,000
- Multifamily	<u>\$10,400,000</u>
- Small Commercial/NFP	\$27,396,000
Financing:	
- Residential (1-4 family)	\$26,692,533
- Multifamily	\$11,292,550
- Small Commercial/NFP	<u>\$13,274,917</u>
	\$51,260,000
Program Administration & NYS Fee	\$9,744,000
Program Evaluation	\$5,600,000
Total	\$112,000,000

Additional GJGNY Funding

US DOE EECBG Better Buildings (Retrofit Rampup) Grant

- \$40M award, largest in nation
- Partnership award
 - \$21.4M NYC Financing Program (large commercial)
 - \$5M Long Island Green Homes consortium
 - \$13.6M NYSERDA
- Grant allows use of 50% of funding for loan loss/debt service reserve
- 60% of State funding (\$13.6M) must be subgranted to small local governments not EECBG formula eligible

Strategy: Multiple Forms of Financing

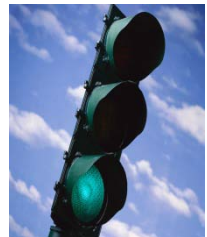
1. Property-assessment financing

- Original approach: create statewide aggregation working through participating municipalities under Municipal Sustainable Energy Loan Program legislation
- On hold due to FHFA/OCC notices



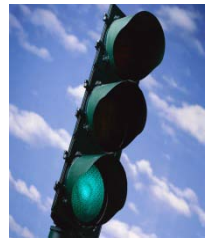
2. On-bill recovery financing

- June 2011 legislation authorizes statewide on-bill recovery charge mechanism: on-meter tariff obligation; shutoff provisions for failure to pay and consumer safeguards similar to utility charges



3. Direct loans

- A. Unsecured residential loans
- B. Participating loans – Small Business/NFP and Multifamily
- C. PowerSaver secured loans



Multiple forms of financing allow consumer to select method that best fits their needs and will inform on consumer receptivity.

Program Guidelines

Residential

- Based on existing Home Performance with ENERGY STAR® program
- Comprehensive energy audits and retrofits completed by BPI-accredited contractors
- 171 actively participating contractors
- Finance cost effective prequalified measures – Total Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR) > 1
- Extensive program QA/QC provides consumer safeguards
 - Independent review and approval of work scopes pre-implementation
 - Independent post-implementation inspection of 15% of projects
 - Dispute resolution process; contractor debarment

Financing Approach

Residential

- Financing launched November 15, 2010
- Loans originated through participating financial institutions
 - Launched using single originator, Wisconsin Energy Conservation Corp d/b/a Energy Finance Solutions - current FNMA loan originator
 - Open up to multiple lenders in 2011
- Loans originated using NYSERDA loan underwriting standards
- Lender closes on loan and loan purchased by NYSERDA using \$26M RGGI program funds
- Lender paid \$175 origination fee by NYSERDA; can charge additional fee (financeable) to borrower if needed to cover costs
- Loans serviced by NYSERDA master loan servicer, Concord Servicing Corporation)
 - Experienced 3rd-party loan servicer with over 650,000 accounts managed
 - Monitors loan origination to ensure conformance with standards, and services the loans

Loan Underwriting Standards

Two Loan Tiers:

- Tier1 loans: loans meet standards that can be financed in capital markets (FNMA standards)
 - These loans will be aggregated and financed through capital markets
- Tier2 loans: loans originated under alternate criteria (utility bill paying history) and slightly relaxed debt-to-income criteria
 - Initially issued as revolving loan fund
 - Monitor loan performance over time and added to pool of loans financed through capital markets

Green Jobs-Green New York Program Residential Loan Underwriting Standards

<p>“Tier 1” Loans Funded Through Capital Markets</p>	<p>“Tier 2” Loans Funded from Revolving Loan Fund</p>
<p>Credit score 640 or higher (680 or higher if self-employed for 2yrs or more; 720 or higher if self-employed less than 2yrs)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Utility bill payments must be current for two consecutive months during each of the last two years; • No utility or mortgage payments more than 60 days late in the last two years; • Current on mortgage payments for the last year
<p>Debt-to-income ratio up to 50%</p>	<p>Debt-to-income ratio up to 55% (up to 70% if FICO score 680+)</p>
<p>No bankruptcy with last 7 years</p>	<p>No bankruptcy within last 5 years</p>
<p>No outstanding collections, judgments or tax liens > \$2,500</p>	

Loan Terms

- Unsecured loan
- 5,10,15 yr loan term
 - Term can't exceed life of measures
- ½% interest rate reduction for automated payment – improves payment performance
- Interest Rate 3.99%/3.49% for loans supported by QECCB bonds
- After QECCB bond volume cap exhausted, expected rate of 5.99%/5.49%

Capital Markets Financing Approach

- Aggregate loans and issue bonds using master trust structure
- Bonds supported by loan repayments and loan loss/debt service reserve (\$9.3M from DOE EECBG Better Buildings grant)
- Proceeds used to fund additional program loans
- First issuance \$25M (2011)
- Subsequent issuances will increase scale
- Anticipate A rating; ~5.7% (300 bps/3% over Treasury); ~10-12yr term
- Issue as Qualified Energy Conservation Bonds

Progress to Date

(As of 6/30/2011, Since 11/15/2010 Launch)

- 1,429 applications for financing received
 - 847 (59%) Pre-approved; 582 denied
 - Continued revisions to Tier 2 standards to improve penetration and reduce denials
- Approved loans: 820 (97%) Tier 1; 27 (3%) Tier 2
- 373 loans closed (\$2,976,000)
- 158 loans approved awaiting closing (\$1,302,000)
- 359 loans purchased (\$2,863,000)
- 356 loans outstanding (\$2,799,000)
 - Average loan \$8,003
 - Weighted average original term 11.9 yrs
 - Weighted average coupon – 3.58%
 - Weighted average FICO score – 747
 - All accounts current

Financing Approach

Small Commercial/NFP and Multifamily

- Loans originated through participating financial institutions
- Lender originates loan using its normal credit standards
- NYSERDA participates in loan by providing 50% of loan capital at no interest to lender
- Lender offers loan to borrower at 50% of normal rate
- Lender pays NYSERDA/Master Loan Servicer its prorata share of interest payments received
- NYSERDA and Lender share pro-rata on loan defaults
- Launched July 2011

PowerSaver Loan Pilot

- Selected in partnership with Energy Finance Solutions to offer financing as part of 2yr HUD pilot program
- 90% federally-insured loan for residential owner-occupied energy efficiency improvements
- Mortgage with not less than secondary lien
- Loan underwriting standards
 - FICO score 660+ (compared to GJGNY 640)
 - Debt:income < 45% (compared to GJGNY 50%/55%)
 - Property LTV up to 100%
- HUD grant to EFS to cover added costs of origination
- Offered at .5% reduction to unsecured loan – 3.49%/2.99%
- Working with EFS on rollout

On-Bill Recovery Financing

- Power NY Act of 2011 (A.8510/S.5844)
- Establishes an on-bill recovery charge for repayment of loans for energy efficiency improvements through GJGNY program for customers of: Central Hudson, Con Edison, NYSEG, National Grid, Orange & Rockland, Rochester Gas & Electric, and Long Island Power Authority
- Covers electric, gas, and heating fuel measures – charge placed on electric bill, unless the majority of savings result from gas measures, in which case charge billed on gas bill.

On-Bill Recovery Financing (Cont'd)

- Each loan secured by mortgage upon real property
 - Subordinate to any current or future mortgage on property
 - May not be used to force payment or foreclose
 - Prior to sale of property, seller must provide written notice to purchaser – mortgage will appear on title search
- Unless satisfied prior to sale, on-bill recovery charge survives changes in ownership – arrears at time of transfer are responsibility of incurring customer, unless expressly assumed by purchaser

On-Bill Recovery Financing (Cont'd)

- Rights and responsibilities comparable to gas and electric charges – termination/reconnection of service, deferred payment agreements, adjustments to budget billing plans, and late payment charges
- Partial payment of utility bill first applied to utility charges, then on-bill recovery charge
- NYSERDA to establish standards for customer participation; consider alternative measures of creditworthiness that are prudent in order to include participation by customers who are less likely to have access to traditional sources of financing
- Monthly repayment charge cannot exceed 1/12th of projected energy savings

On-Bill Recovery Financing (Cont'd)

- NYSERDA to provide notice to customers prior to closing stating:
 - the financial and legal obligations of accepting loan responsibilities
 - on-bill recovery charge will be billed by the customer's utility and failure to pay may result in termination of service
 - the customer may not lower energy costs over time, based on additional factors that contribute to monthly energy costs
 - complaints handled by NYSERDA;
 - and that the customer may cancel within 5 business days of signing loan agreement provided proceeds have not been disbursed.
- At least annually, NYSERDA shall provide information to utility for inclusion in customer's bill setting forth the amount and duration of remaining on-bill recover charges and providing NYSERDA contact information for resolving customer complaints.

On-Bill Recovery Financing (Cont'd)

Utilities shall use existing billing systems, to the extent practicable, and use funding from NYSERDA to defray costs directly associated with the program:

- NYSERDA to provide \$500,000 [from US DOE Better Buildings grant] allocated on a pro-rata basis based on number of utility customers for costs directly associated with changes to billing systems to accommodate on-bill recovery charges
- NYSERDA pays a fee of \$100 per loan to the applicable utility within 30 days of closing
- NYSERDA pays a fee of 1% of loan amount to the applicable utility within 30 days of closing

On-Bill Recovery Financing (Cont'd)

- Process/timeline
 - Within 45 days Public Service Commission (PSC) shall commence proceeding to investigate implementation.
 - Within 150 days, PSC shall make a determination establishing billing and collection procedures for on-bill charges
 - Each utility to offer on-bill financing within 300 days
- Participation initially limited to .5% of each utility company's customers, but NYSERDA can petition to increase limit provided PSC finds that program has not harmed the company or its ratepayers
- PSC can suspend any utility's offering after conducting hearing and finding that there has been significant increase in arrears or disconnections directly related to on-bill recovery

Questions

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