YOUR IDEAS COUNT!

Talking with Kids about Representative Democracy and the Legislative Process

What Kids Need to Know

• Voters choose who will represent their interests and ideas on school boards, city councils and in state legislatures. That’s what “REPRESENTATIVE DEMOCRACY” means.

• VOTING is important: We elect people to study issues and make laws that affect our lives—like how many days you’re in school, what tests you take and at what age you can drive a car.

• CIVILITY matters. It’s Ok to disagree, but it’s important to be respectful of other viewpoints and not attack a person’s character. Diverse ideas are an important part of representative government.

• COMPROMISE is the foundation of our American political system.

• Legislators listen—they really do!—but you have to MAKE YOUR VOICE HEARD.

• There’s power in numbers: Join forces with a group of people who feel the same way you do about an issue.

• Vote when you’re old enough. Every vote counts!

How to Talk to Kids

• Before you visit, send teachers a short bio and description of what you have planned.

• Talk with students in an informal, straightforward manner.

• Personalize the lessons with issues kids care about: cyberbullying, school violence, standardized testing, video game restrictions.

Suggested Activities

The Perfect Chocolate Chip Cookie (elementary school)

Ask students to decide as a class what makes a perfect cookie (or pizza, or school lunch). When they are unable to agree, lead them through the process of negotiation and compromise: nuts/no nuts, type of chocolate chips, crispy or soft, etc.

A Day in the Life (all grade levels)

Describe a typical legislative day for you: listening to constituents and solving problems, negotiating and compromising, voting, etc.

Watch Your Legislators in Action (all grade levels)

Visit your state Capitol to observe a committee hearing or floor session.

Solve a Class Problem (all grade levels)

Discuss a relevant problem (what to cut with a smaller budget, the best field trip destination), have students debate the possibilities and negotiate an agreement.

Mock Hearing (middle or high school)

Conduct a committee hearing on a policy issue and ask students to testify, debate and vote.