# ESTONIA: DEMOGRAPHICS AND ECONOMIC DATA

## Demographics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Demographic</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Population (2018)</strong></td>
<td>1,323,820 (Estonia ranks 25th out of 28 EU member countries, in terms of population)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
| **Languages (2011)** | Estonian: 68.5%  
Russian: 29.6%  
Ukrainian: 0.6%  
Other: 1.3% |
| **Ethnic Makeup (2011)** | Estonian: 68.7%  
Russian: 24.8%  
Ukrainian: 1.7%  
Belarusan: 1%  
Finn: 0.6%  
Other: 3.2% |
| **Immigration** | Estonia’s immigrant population is relatively small but net migration has been positive over the past five years. 10% of students taking the PISA had an immigrant background in 2018, up from 8% in 2009. The majority of immigrants are from Ukraine and Russia. |
| **GDP (purchasing power parity, in 2017 US dollars)** | 41.65 billion |
| **GDP Per Capita (purchasing power parity, in 2017 US dollars)** | 31,700 |
| **Unemployment Rate (2017)** | 5.8% |
| **Educational Attainment, Highest Level Attained by Adults Ages 25-64 (2018)** | Below upper secondary: 10.8%  
Upper secondary: 48.1%  
Tertiary: 41.1% |

5. [https://data.oecd.org/eduatt/adult-education-level.htm](https://data.oecd.org/eduatt/adult-education-level.htm)
Economic Data

Labor Force by Occupation (2017):
Services: 76.8%
Industry: 20.5%
Agriculture: 2.7%

Major components of the service sector include:
• Transportation (e.g., infrastructure for trade, such as sea ports)
• Telecommunications, which has attracted significant foreign investment, particularly from Nordic countries
• Banking, including advanced Internet banking, for which Estonia is known

Major industries include:
• Production of chemical products
• Textiles
• Machinery and equipment, a component of a metal industry concentrated in specific regions of Estonia
• Electronics
• Oil shale energy, which produces almost all of the energy Estonia consumes as well as 80 percent of the world’s oil shale energy
• Timber

Exports – Partners (2017):
• Finland: 16.2%
• Sweden: 13.5%
• Latvia: 9.2%
• Russia: 7.3%
• Germany: 6.9%
• Lithuania 5.9%

Exports – Commodities (2016):
Machinery and electrical equipment (30%); wood and wood products (14%); furniture and bedding (11%); food products and beverages (9%); metals (7%); mineral fuels (6%); chemicals (4%); vehicles and parts (3%)

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